



RE implementation - PV installation program in University of Yangon

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Outline

- Collaborative research title:
 WP2: Energy and Environment RE implementation
 PV installation program in University of Yangon
- ➢ National Electrification Plan (NEP)
- Brief of Myanmar Energy Policy
- ≻ UY PV project
- ➢ Future Plan

National Electrification Plan

Objective

The Myanmar National Electrification Plan aims to achieve 100% electrification by 2030.

Leading Ministries

MOEE Grid Extension (310 Mil USD) Dense areas (Phase 1, 2 and 3) require less MV per connection and will be connected first.

MOALI Off-grid (90 Mil USD) Remote communities areas (Phase 4, 5) have higher cost per connections and will be connected later.

According to the Ministry of Energy and Electrical Power (MOEE), full electrification would require more than 7.2 million households to be connected over the next 16 years.



Current Electrified Villages



Current Electrification System in Rural Area



Brief of National Energy Policy

- 5.To implement programs on a wider scale, utilizing renewable energy resources
- 6. To promote Energy Efficiency and Energy Conservation
- 7.To establish R, D, D&D (Research, Development, Design and Dissemination) Institution
- 8.To promote international collaboration in energy matters

Research Project for PV Installation Program in UY

19.44kW Grid-Tied PV System

High quality PV system for electricity cost reduction.

with

9.6kWh 3Phase Battery System

Li-ion battery system for emergency power supply.

• Objectives:

- University of Yangon is famous and leading university in Myanmar.
- to supply stable electricity by using renewable energy.
- Electricity requirement of our university is about 2 MW.
- A pilot project has been launched for installation of 100kW PV system for a basic research and education in University of Yangon.

• Process

- We started a basic data collection of the electricity consumption of the science building from March, 2016 by using power logger PW 3365A, Hioki. Fig.2 shows a typical electricity consumption pattern from June 5 to 11, 2016.
- It is clear that there were black-outs almost once in a day. However, the duration of the black-out was less than 10 minutes. The longest duration of the black-out was 40 minutes at June 6 to June 7.
- The diesel back-up generator (750 kW) has been installed in the power distribution station and it has been operated by manual. Therefore, the black-out of the grid power line could be longer than the observed one.
- Currently the peak electricity consumption does not exceed 50 kW, but it should be larger in the new research building. Therefore 100 kW PV system should be prepared. However, the limitation of the budget, the designed system is targeting only partial equipment, emergency lights which requires about 3 kW.

Electricity consumption in the Science Building of University of Yangon



 a typical electricity consumption pattern from June 5 to 11, 2016. It is clear that there were black-outs almost once in a day. However, the duration of the black-out was less than 10 minutes.



PV lay out plan for 20 kW module in UY







PV system configuration

3-1. System Configuration



• PV system operation mode in sunny day time



• PV system operation mode in night time



PV system operation mode in day time with black out condition

- 3-4. Operation Image (Blackout)
- PV and battery supply power to emergency load. Grid Tied System will stop operation.
- Cannot use general load.







Complete set up of 20 kW PV system in UY



Ribbon cutting ceremony of 20 kW PV system in UY new research building

Future Plan of UY PV system

Highlights:

- (1) Expansion of existing PV system, installed at 2 locations
 - Level 5 Deck Roof 72 pcs of 270Wp Solar Modules (19.44kW)
 - Level 6 Deck Roof 40pcs of 270Wp Solar Modules (10.80kW)
- (2) Solar-Powered High Definition IP Camera Surveillance System
 - HD Camera Surveillance for PV assets (PV Array, Inverters and Battery)
 - Night surveillance with IR Capability
 - Video analytics like motion detection, intrusion detection, etc.

Future Expansion without Battery Storage





Next phase of 30.24 kW for pilot plan 100 kW



Existing System, 19.44kW

- 12.96kW Grid Tied System
- 6.48kW Hybrid System with Batt Storage



Additional 30.24kWp of Solar Modules to be Installed (A) Level 6 Roof Area*

- 40 pcs of 270Wp (10.80kW) solar modules is proposed to be installed
- Array structural height will be designed to avoid shading from parapet (1.20m height)
- * This area is initially designed with canopy
- (B) Level 5 Roof Area
- 72ps of 270Wp (19.44kW) solar modules is proposed to be installed



Structural height for PV Array (Level 6 Roof) is elevated to be of the same height as parapet



Shading on the ramp is prominent during from 2pm onwards



Estimated Monthly PV Generation, kWh

* Estimates based on PVSYST (V6.2.3) Simulation, only for reference

• Conclusion and Future Plan

- The 20 kW PV system with 10 kWh Li-ion battery storage system has been designed to supply stable electricity in the new research building in University of Yangon. The system installation has been started in October and installation is already finished now. The durability of the Li-ion battery is one of issue in a hot and high humidity condition, although it has been tested in Europe and Japan.
- We found that maximum 50 kW PV system can be set on the current installation place. Therefore, additional 30.24 kW PV system is planning. Finally University of Yangon plans to install a large scale, 2 MW, PV system in near future. The system design and installation place are under considerations. Results should be clear and concise. Quantitative results should be expressed using SI units. Tables and figures should be referred to in the text.

Thank you for your attention