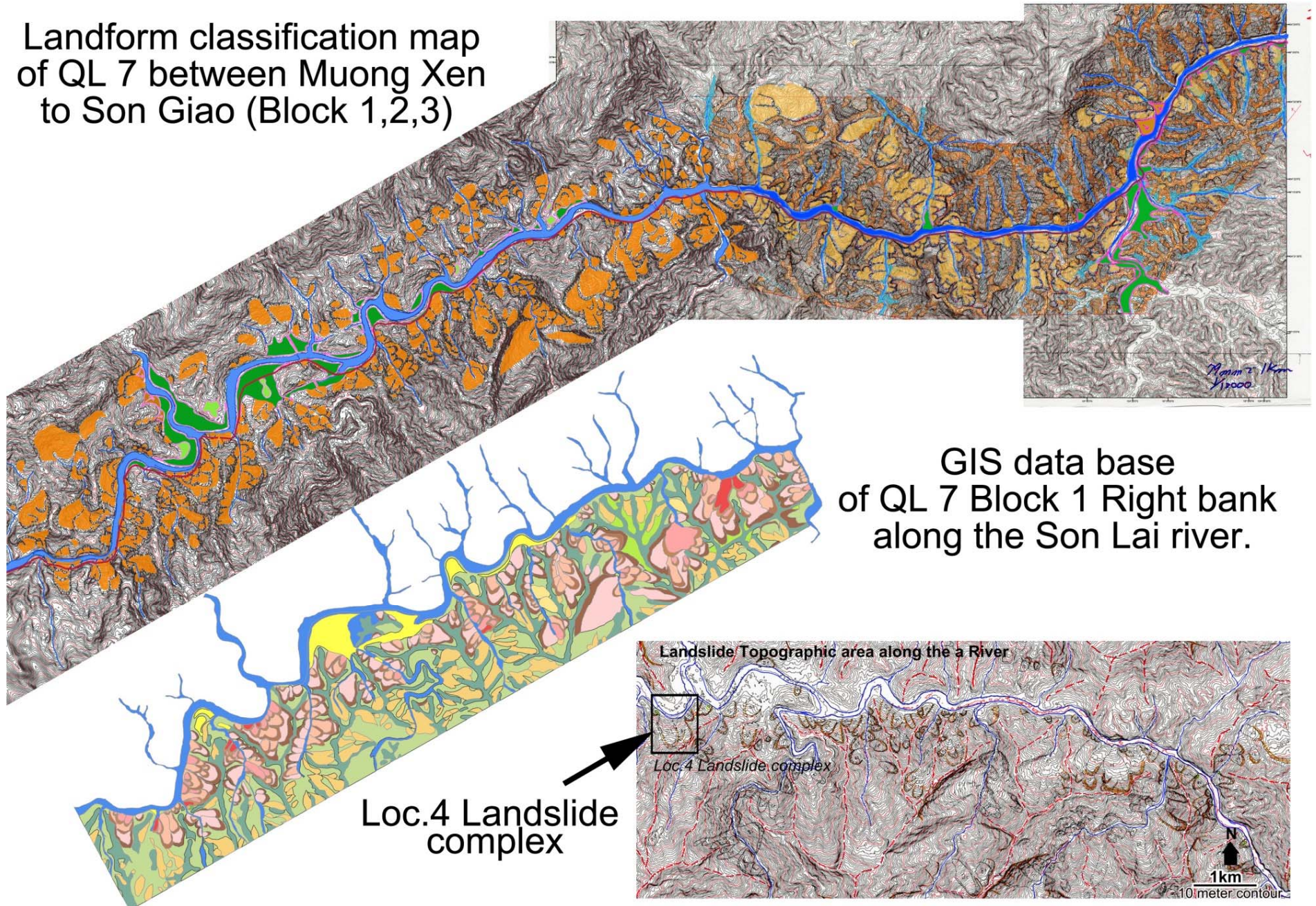


Detailed Scale Landslide Data Base on Route No.7

Landform classification map of QL 7 between Muong Xen to Son Giao (Block 1,2,3)

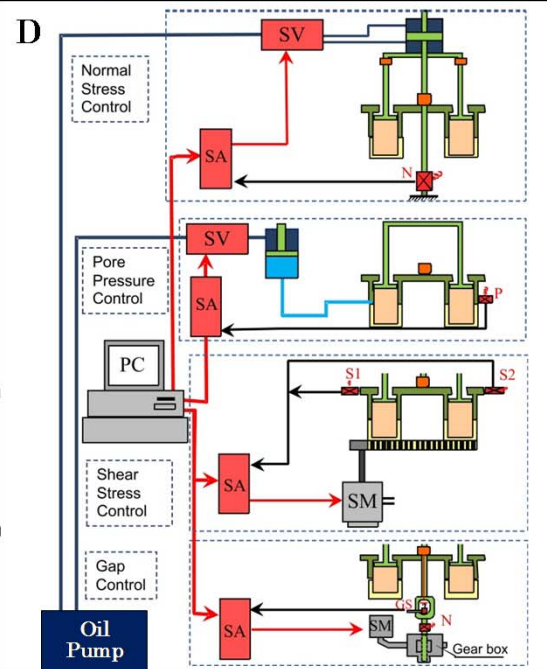
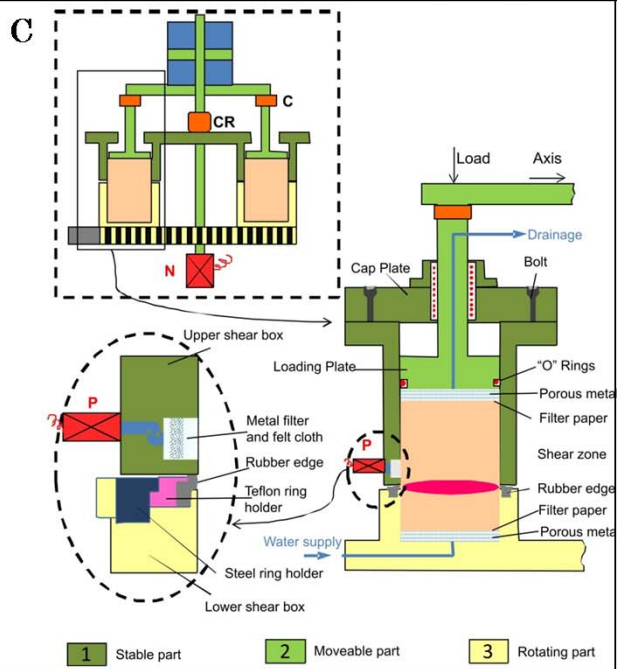
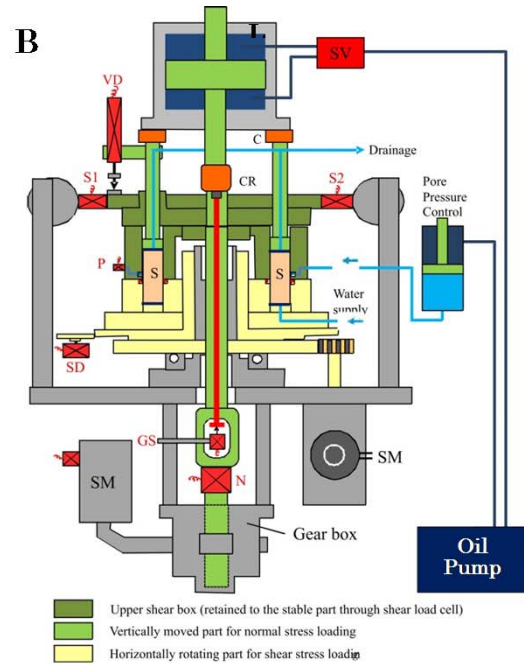
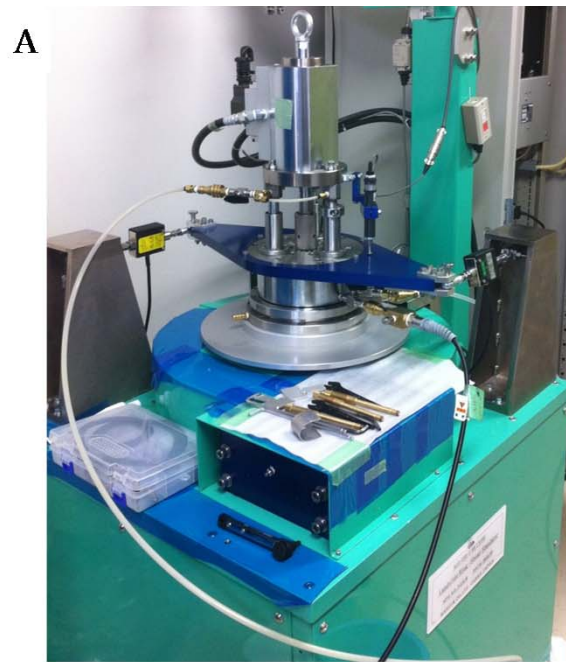


GIS data base of QL 7 Block 1 Right bank along the Son Lai river.

Loc.4 Landslide complex

Main Outputs of WG3 Testing Group

1. A high-stress undrained dynamic-loading ring shear apparatus (ICL-2) was developed and applied to Vietnam (Simulating deep-seated landslides with 100-200 m in depth).
2. The initiation mechanism and the dynamics of post-failure motion of the targeted landslides was well studied.
3. Hazard assessment technology of the precursor stage of landslides was developed.



The latest version, ICL-2

High-stress ring shear apparatus for large-scale landslides.

Maximum normal stress and undrained capacity is **3 MPa**.

A: Photo of the main apparatus.

B: Mechanical structure

C: Close up view of the shear box and sealing.

D: Servo-control system for Normal stress, shear stress, pore pressure and gap.

Red arrow: control signal

Black arrow: feed-back signal

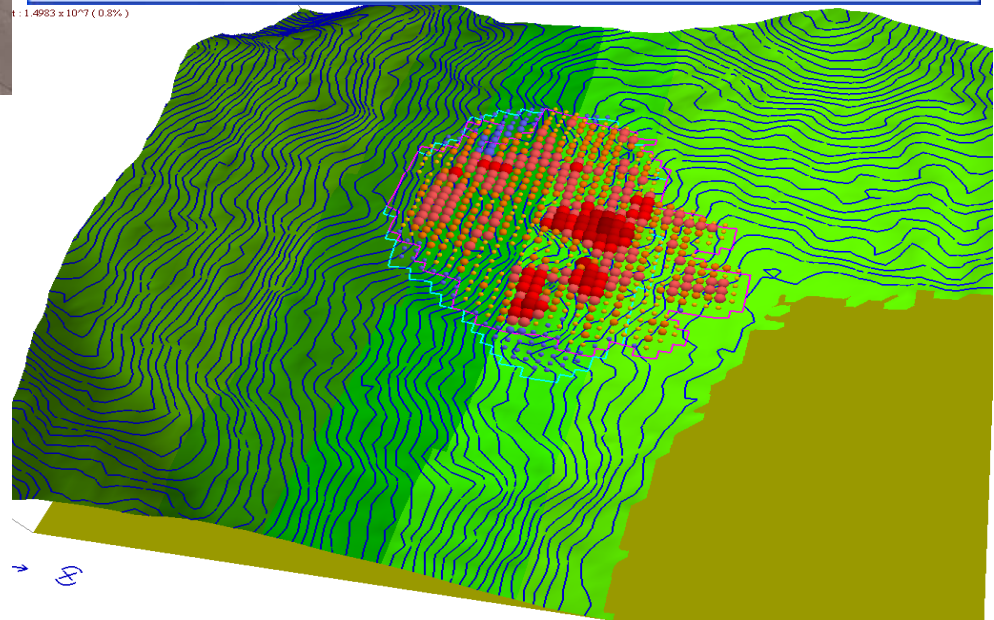
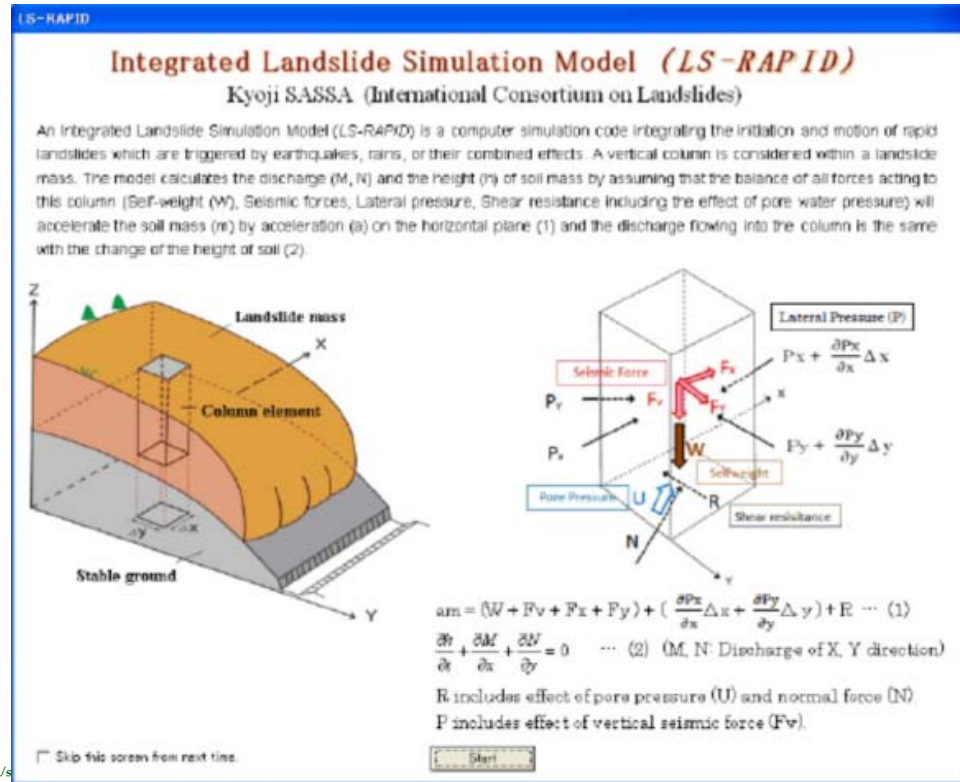
Blue line is for water control

The design and construction of RSA (ICL-2)

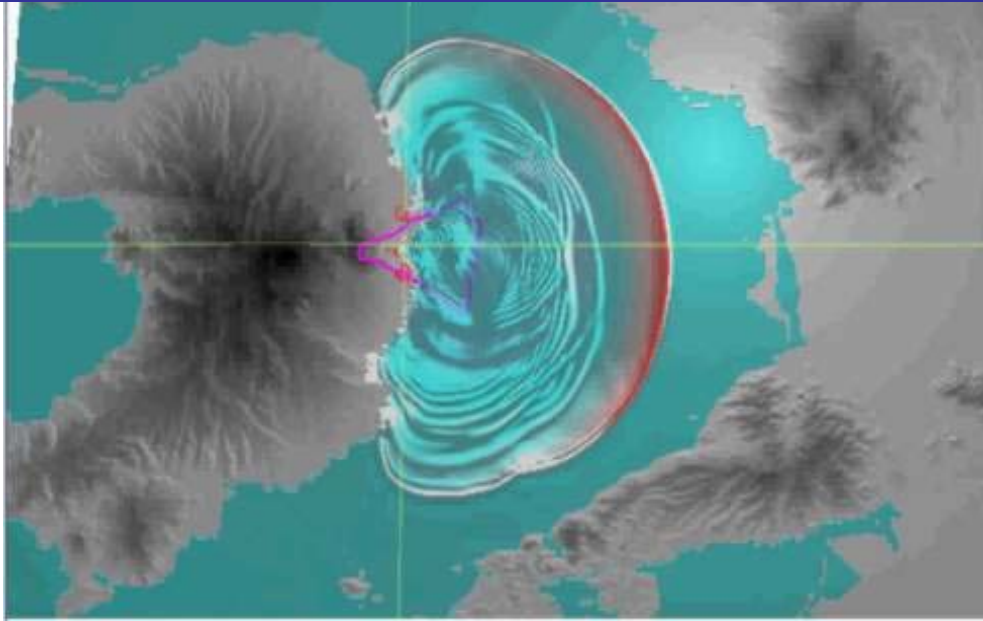


Ring shear apparatus (ICL2)

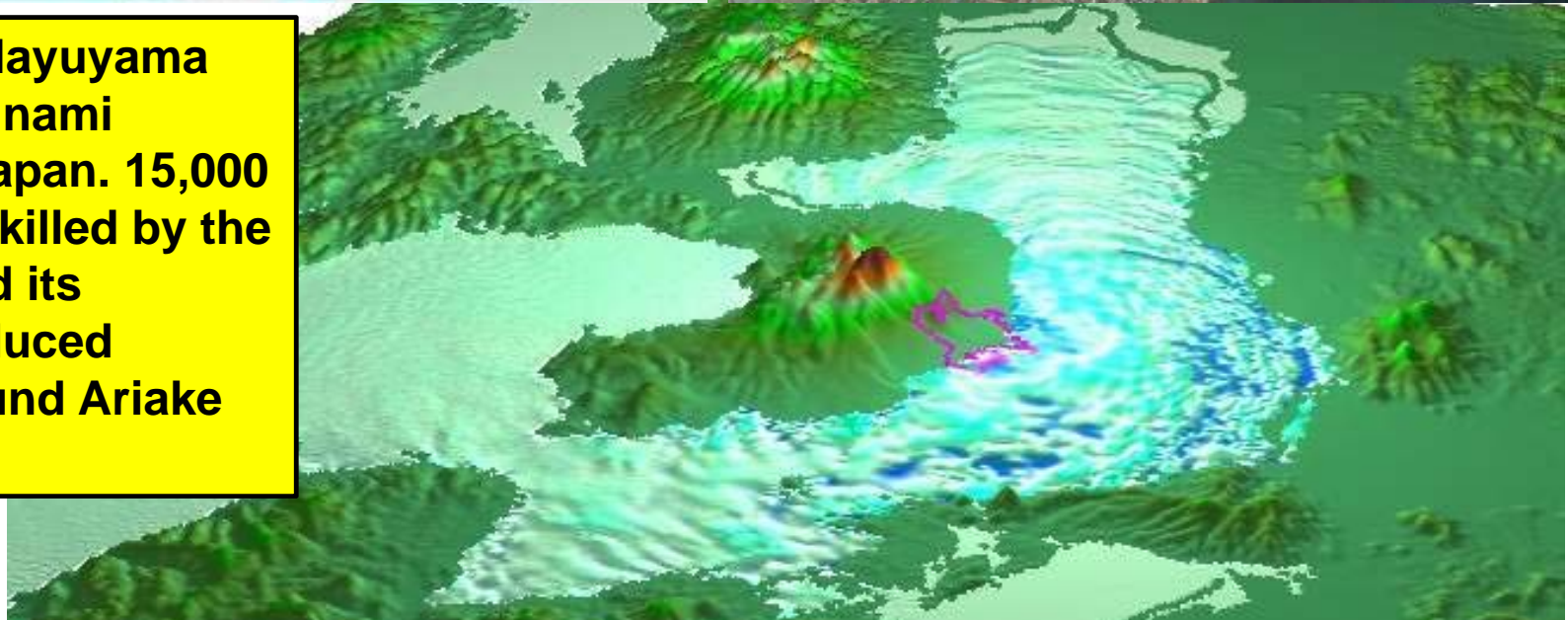
Simulating the Hai Van
station landslide by
LS-Rapid



Modeling of landslide-triggered tsunami for the 1792 Unzen Mayuyama case

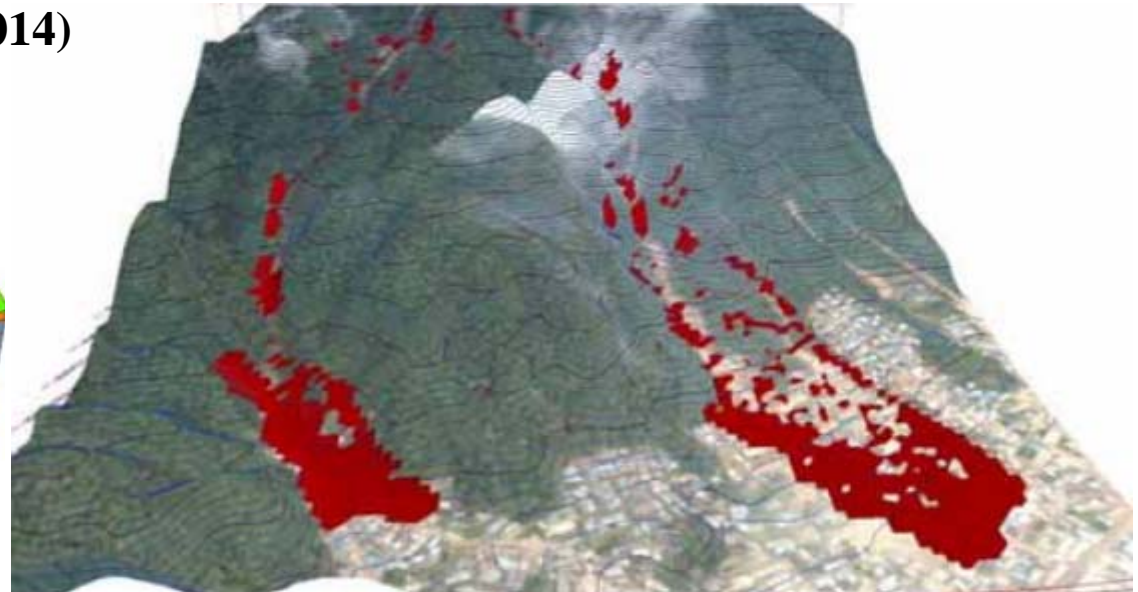
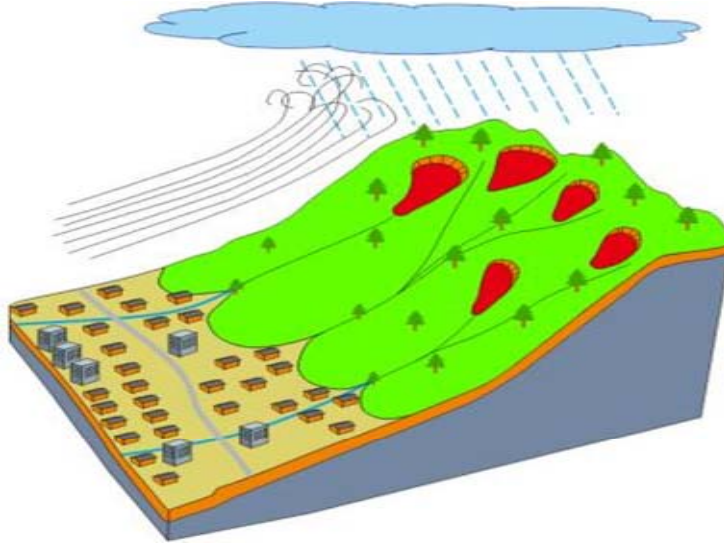


The Unzen-Mayuyama landslide-tsunami disaster in Japan. 15,000 people were killed by the landslide and its landslide-induced tsunami around Ariake Sea in 1792



Risk assessment for the 2014.8 Hiroshima landslide disaster

LS-RAPID simulation (Sassa et al., 2014)



Landslide simulation by LS-RAPID



Photo courtesy by PASCO, Co., Ltd.

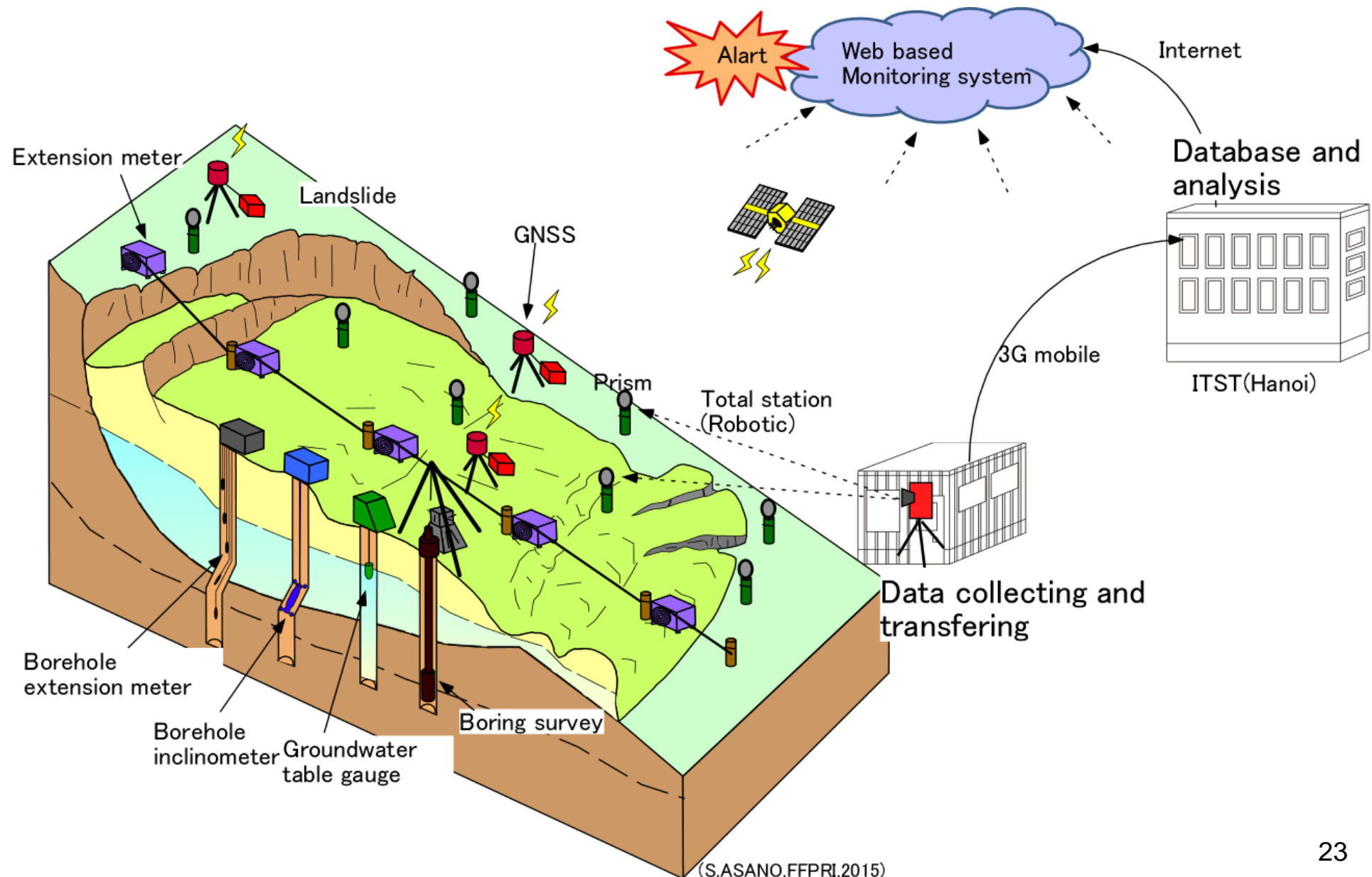


Airphoto interpretation by GSI

Main Outputs of WG4 Monitoring Group

1. The web-based landslide monitoring system is developed for the Hai Van station landslide.
2. Equipments for landslide monitoring and early warning were installed at the Hai Van station landslide
3. A landslide flume model was developed and applied to the case study

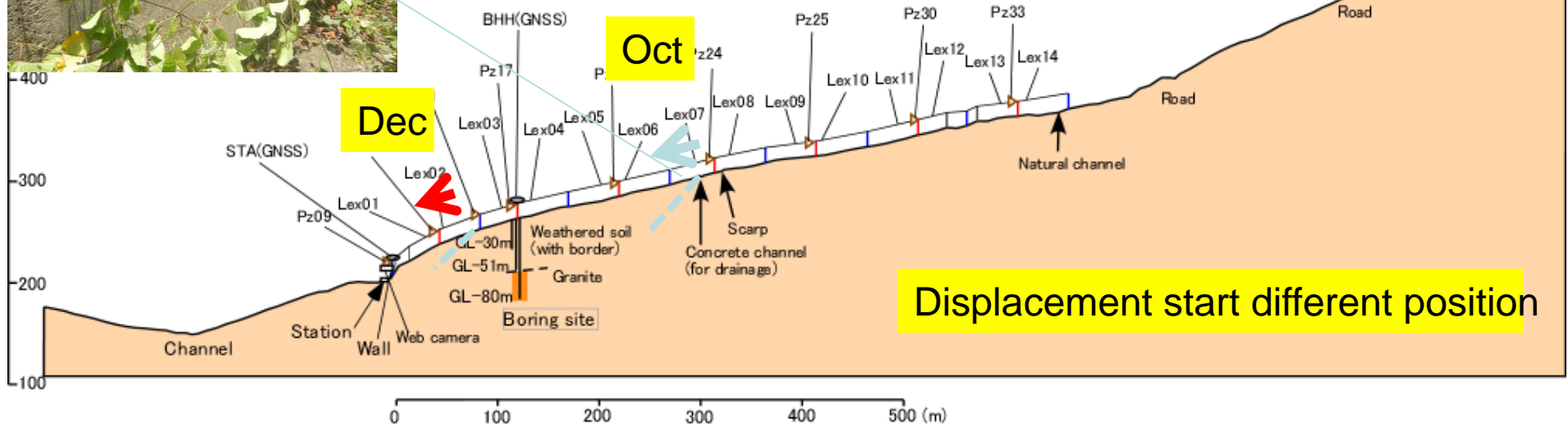
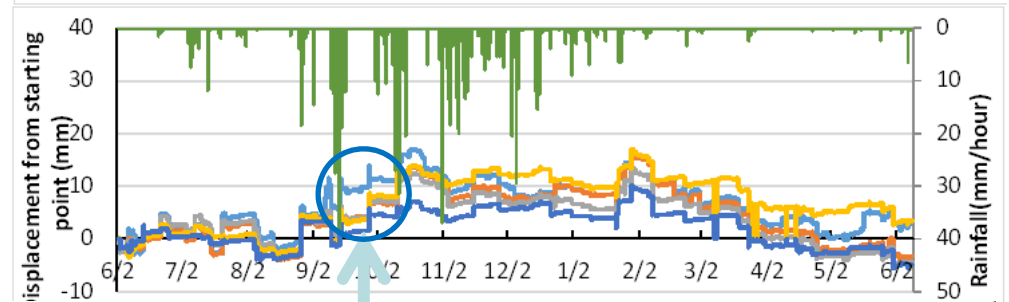
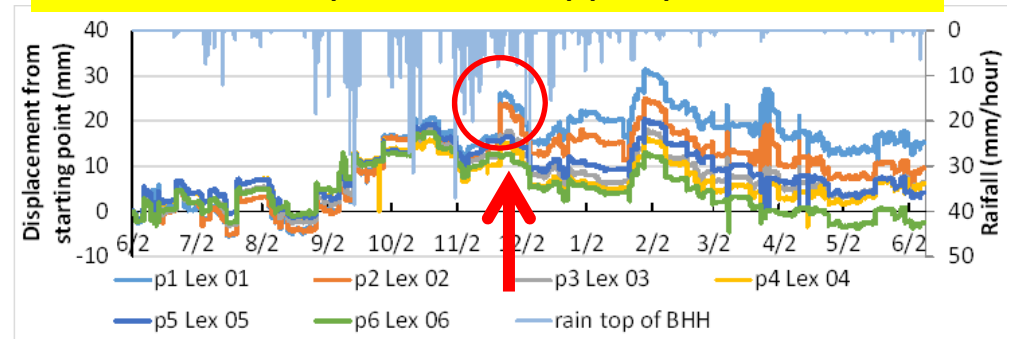
Monitoring and early warning system



Slope displacement in long-span extensometer

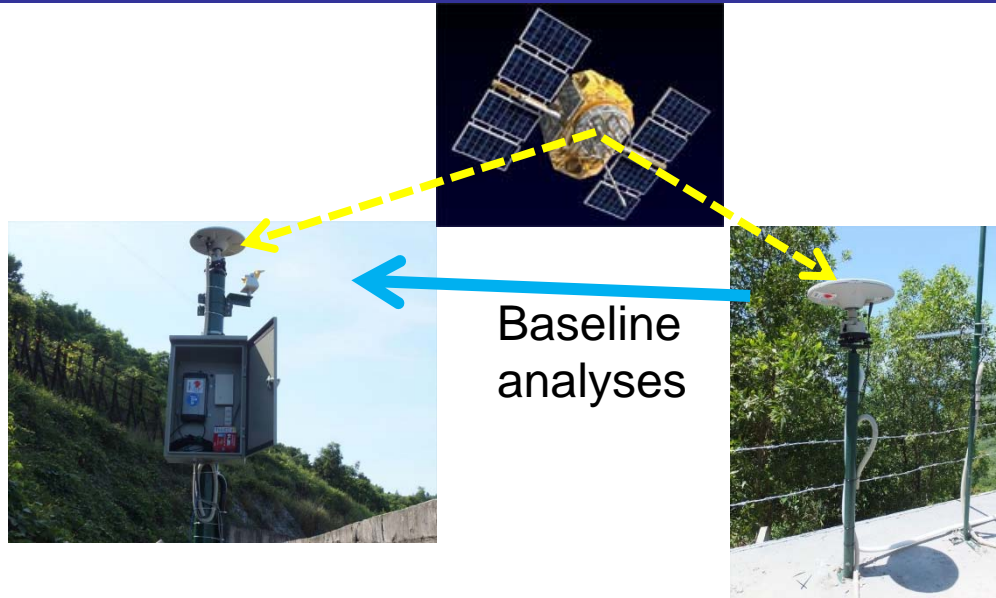


Cumulative displace from upper position

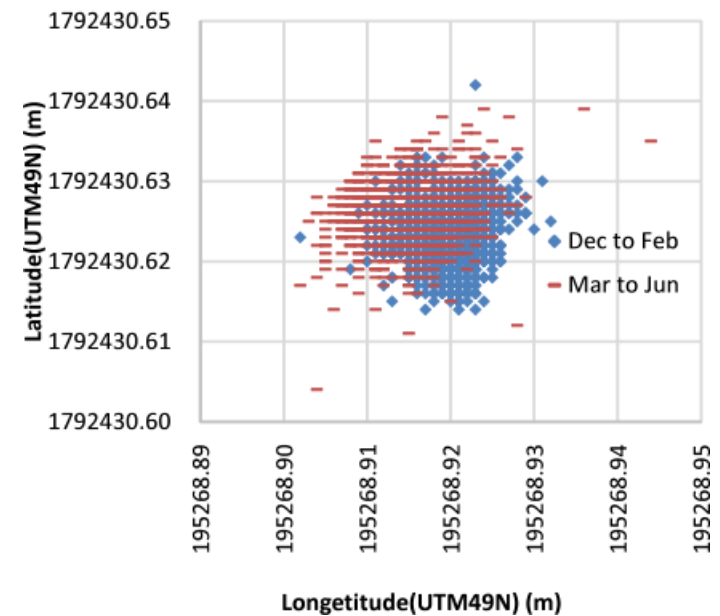
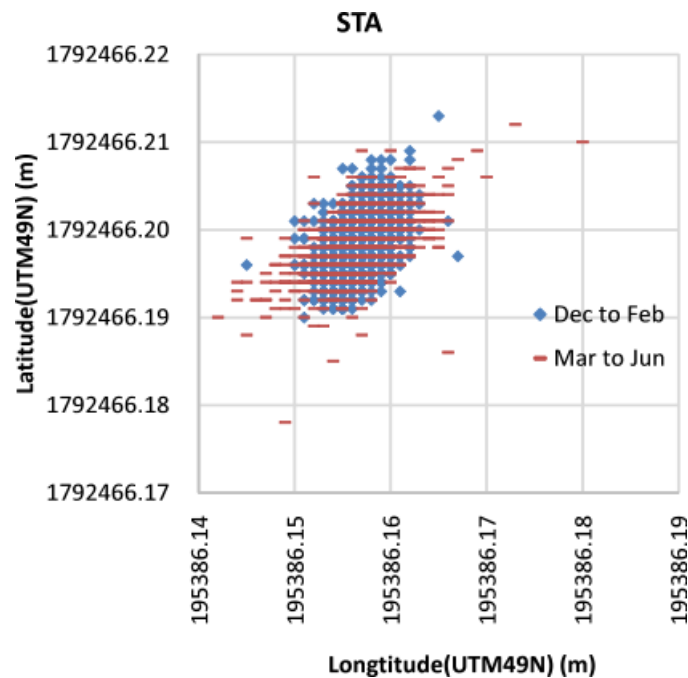


Displacement start different position

Displacement from GNSS since December 2015



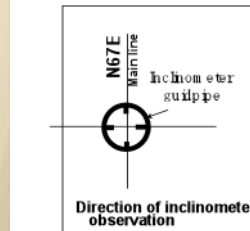
After rainy season,
almost stable



Groundwater table (Groundwater pressure gauge)



Groundwater table

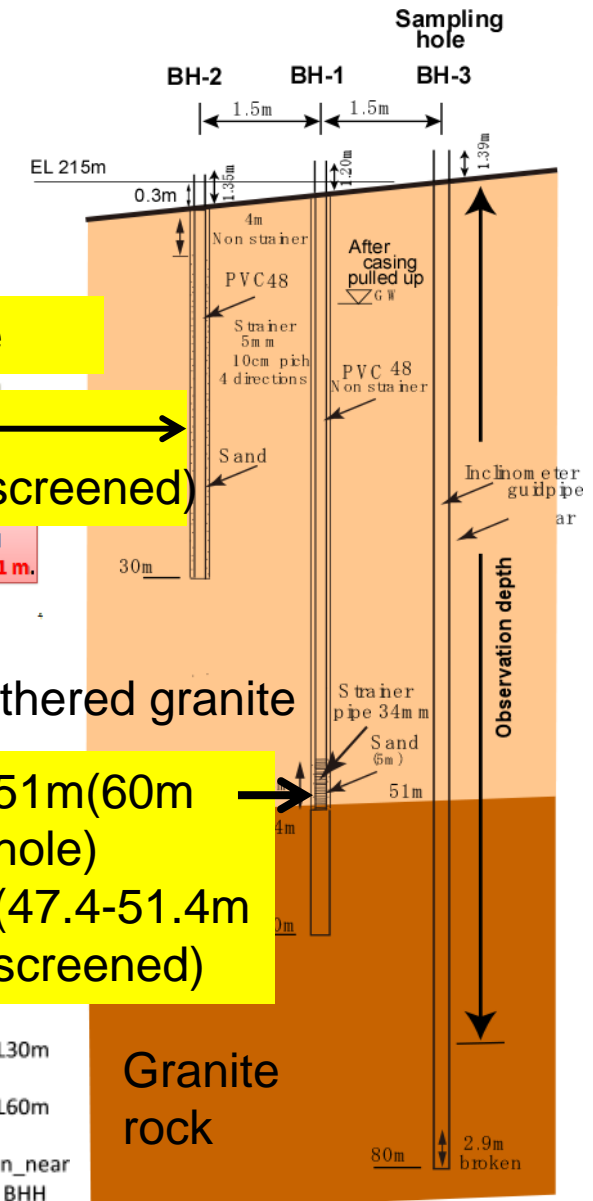
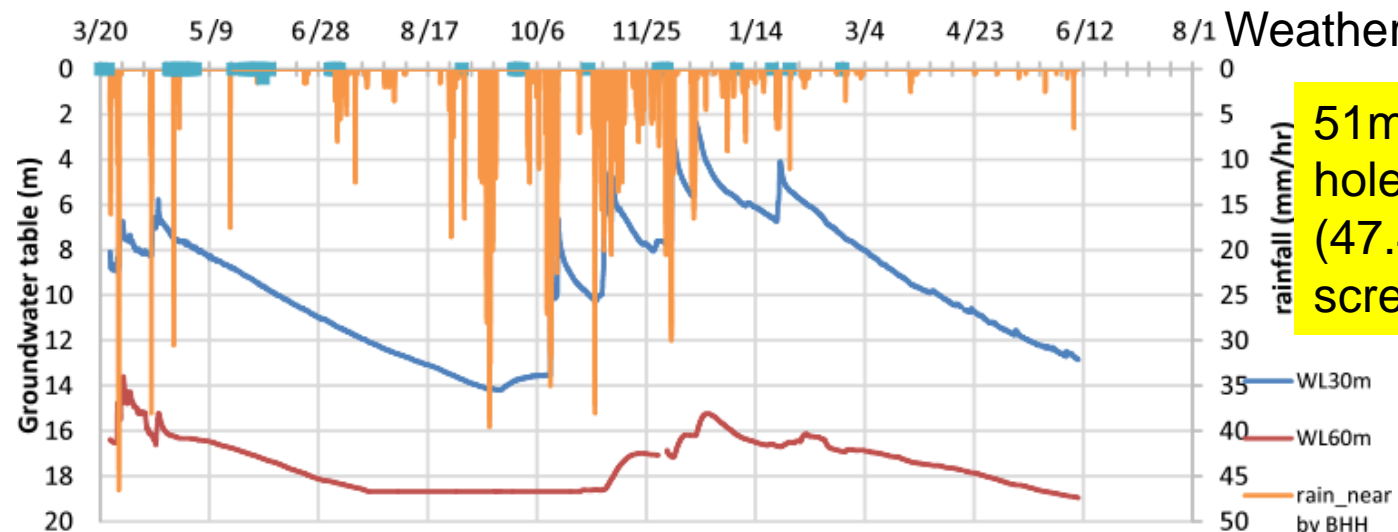


30m
(0-30m screened)

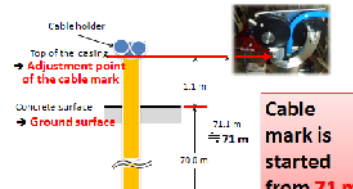
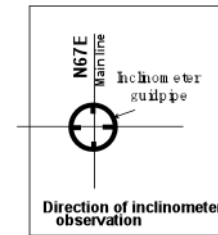
Weathered granite

51m(60m
hole)
(47.4-51.4m
screened)

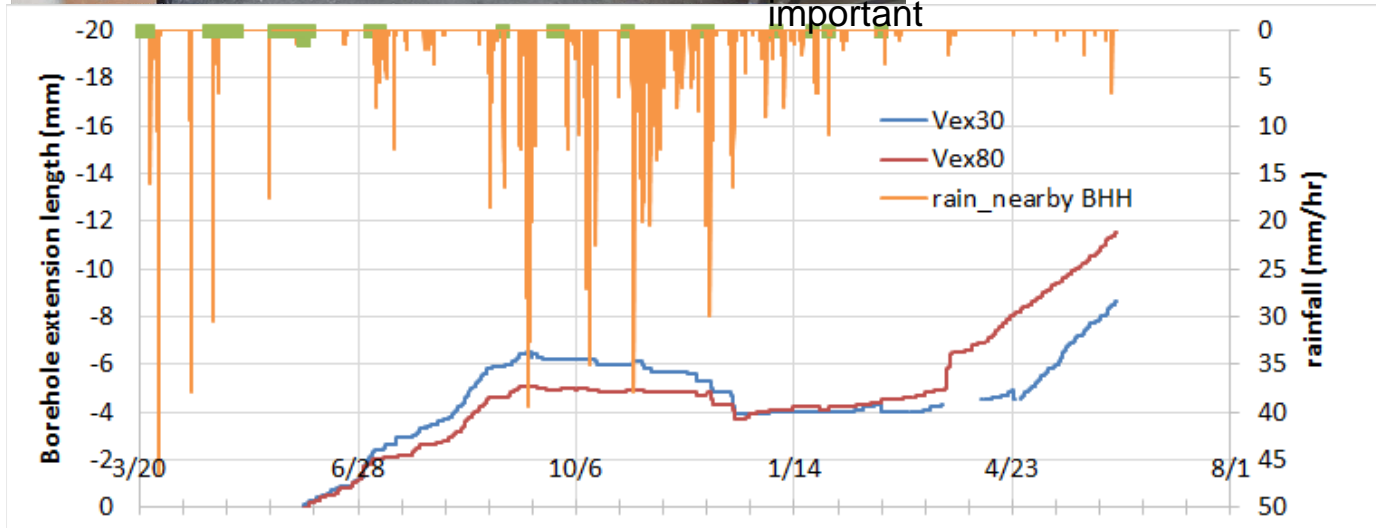
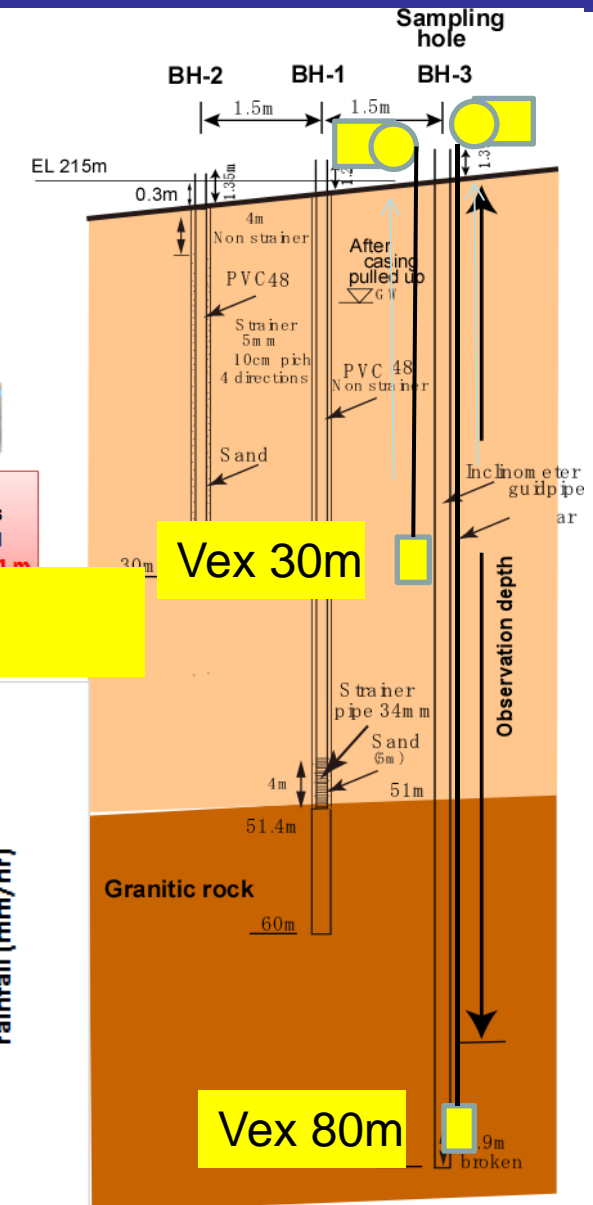
Granite
rock



Underground displacement (Borehole extensionmeter)



After scale out of inclinometer by landslide, Vex data will become important



“Map and Web observation”

Web-based landslides analysis software for Vietnam

Chart(now) Chart(past) Forecast **Map** View Download System logout

Haivan area landslides measurement equipments Map



Landslide flume



Crane system

Spraying system



Image monitoring
system

Landslide experiment started in ITST from November 2015

A PhD Research at Kyoto University